## CARO 2020: Cartload of Details in Auditors' Report

In its endeavor to combat several corporate scams in the recent past, MCA, in consultation with the NFRA and by virtue of Section 143(11) of Companies Act, 2013 ("Companies Act"), has issued Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020¹ ("CARO, 2020") on 25th February, 2020 which supersedes Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016² ("CARO, 2016") for inclusion of the matters specified therein in Auditor's report for the financial years commencing on or after the 1st April, 2019.

The revised *avatar* of CARO is a far more detailed including as many as 21 broad items, out of which atleast 10 are either new items or new details in existing items. The new reporting regime, as it appears from the text of the Order, seems to make the auditor certify on several details, which he was, so far, not required to report / certify. Also, considering that CARO, 2020 will be applicable on retrospective basis, i.e for reports for financial statements belonging to FY starting from April 1, 2019, the auditors, for FY 2019-20, will have to get into the investigation mode and dig into the heaps of information / documents, at this eleventh hour.

In this write up, we are trying to compare and analyse the difference between CARO, 2020 and CARO, 2016. For the purpose of easy reference, kindly note that the new insertions has been kept in bold font.

Sl. No.	PARAMETER	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016	COMPARISON	REMARKS
1.	Financial Year	This Order shall be applicable for the	This Order was applicable for the	Auditor's report for	
		financial years commencing on or after 1st	financial years commencing on or	FY ending 31 <sup>st</sup>	
		April, 2019	after 1st April, 2015	March, 2020 shall	
				include matters	
				specified in CARO,	
				2020.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://www.mca.gov.in/Ministry/pdf/Orders 25022020.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.mca.gov.in/Ministry/pdf/CoOrder 30032016.pdf

Sl. No.	PARAMETER	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016	COMPARISON	REMARKS
2.	Applicability	It shall apply to every company including a foof Act, 2013.	oreign company as defined u/s 2(42) <sup>3</sup>	Same Provision	
3.	Exceptions	(i) a <b>banking company</b> as defined in cla Regulation Act, 1949;			
		(ii) an <b>insurance company</b> as defined unde	er the Insurance Act, 1938;		
		(iii) a company licensed to operate under secti	ion 8 of the Companies Act;		
		(iv) a One Person Company as defined	` '		
		Companies Act and a <b>small company</b> a of the Companies Act; and	as defined in clause (85) of section 2		
		(v) a private limited company:			
		not being a subsidiary or holding com	1 1 1		
		<ul> <li>having a paid-up capital and reserves rupees as on the balance sheet date; ar</li> </ul>	-		
		<ul> <li>not having total borrowings exceeding</li> </ul>			
		financial institution at any point of tin			
		not having a total revenue as disclose	•		
		Act (including revenue from disconting	<b>0</b> 1		
4.	Non-	rupees during the financial year as per It shall not apply to the Auditor's report on		The Auditor's report	
4.	applicability	consolidated financial statements except		of holding company	
	присавину	clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 i.e. "whether	statements.	shall also be an	
		there have been any qualifications or		indicative of the	
		adverse remarks by the respective auditors		companies included	
		in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order		in the consolidated	
		(CARO) reports of the companies included		financial statements	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "foreign company" means any company or body corporate incorporated outside India which— (a) has a place of business in India whether by itself or through an agent, physically or through electronic mode; and (b) conducts any business activity in India in any other manner

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		in the consolidated financial statements, if yes, indicate the details of the companies and the paragraph numbers of the CARO report containing the qualifications or adverse remarks".		whose CARO reports contain any qualifications/ adverse remarks.	
5.		Matters to be included	in the Auditor's Report		
(i)	Maintaining records of Property, Plant, Equipment and intangible assets	<ul> <li>(a) (A) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;</li> <li>(B) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;</li> <li>(b) whether these Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account;</li> <li>(c) whether the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than</li> </ul>	(a) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of <b>fixed assets</b> ;  (b) whether these <b>fixed assets</b> have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account	Additional details introduced:  (a) Declaration that all the immovable property <sup>4</sup> disclosed in the financial statement are held in the name of the company;  (b) details of immovable properties which are disclosed in the financial statement but not	For clause a(A): There is effectively no change here. The terminology "property, plant and equipment" has been used instead of "fixed asset" to bringing it in consonance with the terminology used in IFRS.  For clause (d), in our view, this refers to revaluation which are sporadic in nature and should not include fair valuation
		properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed		held in name of the company;	or changes due to impairment

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Except leasehold properties

SI. PARAMETER	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016	COMPARISON	REMARKS
	in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company, if not, provide the details thereof in the prescribed format which includes:  • Description of property • Gross carrying value • Held in name of • Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee • Period held – indicate range, where appropriate • Reason for not being held in name of company (also indicate if in dispute) (d) whether the company has revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year and, if so, whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer; specify the amount of change, if change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets;		(c) declaration regarding revaluation of Property, Plant, Equipment <sup>5</sup> and intangible assets including right to use; (d) (e) specifying the amount of change, where change is 10% or more in the net carrying value of each class of asset; (f) Disclosure in the financial statement of proceedings initiated or pending against the company for holding benami properties and	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Including right to use

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		(e) whether any <b>proceedings</b> have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any <b>benami property</b> under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder, if so, whether the company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements;		declaration thereof	
(ii)	Physical Verification of Inventories	(a) whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and whether, in the opinion of the auditor, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate; whether any discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed and if so, whether they have been properly dealt with in the books of account;  (b) whether during any point of time of the year, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets; whether the quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions are in	whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and whether any material discrepancies were noticed and if so, whether they have been properly dealt with in the books of account.	The term 'material discrepancy' in the inventory is quantified to mean 10% or more discrepancy in aggregate for each class of inventory. Auditor's role has been enhanced to include:  • providing its opinion on appropriateness of coverage and procedure of physical verification of inventory the by management.	For (a) the auditor, is required to give qualitative comment on the methodology of physical verification of inventory.  Also, considering that "class of inventory" will differ from company to company, this itself may be a matter of discussion.  Clause (b) is one of the important inclusions. The auditor is required to certify if there is

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		agreement with the books of account of		• Checking of	sanction of working
		the company, if not, give details;		quarterly	capital limits in
				statements filed by	excess of 5 cr, on any
				the company with	point of time, on the
				banks/ FIs w.r.t.	basis of security of
				working capital	current assets is to be
				loans are in	reported.
				agreement with the	The auditor needs to
				books of accounts	certify that the
				of the company	quarterly returns and
					statements filed by
					the company is in
					consonance with the
					financial statements.
					Considering that this
					is applicable on
					retrospective basis,
					accordingly, while
					the auditors may
					check the reports /
					statements to be
					submitted on
					prospective basis,
					however, companies
					will be at a tough task
					explaining any
					departure in the
					reports / statements
					which have already

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	Repayment of investments, guarantee, security and loans granted by the Company	whether during the year the company has made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, if so,-  (a) whether during the year the company has provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity [not applicable to companies whose principal business is to give loans], if so, indicate-  (A) the aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet	whether the company has granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. If so,  (a) whether the terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest;  (b) whether the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and whether the repayments or receipts are regular;	The scope of financial transactions in Auditor's report has become wide so as to include any transaction u/s 186 to any party vis-à-vis only loans granted to parties coverd u/s 189 of Companies Act, 2013 (as was required in CARO, 2016)  • investments, guarantee and security alongwith loans or advances	been filed with the banks / FIs.  There is a significant widening of the scope of this clause where it is now required to report all financial transaction with any other entities besides related parties and promoters.  Regarding (a) and (e), it should be noted that it is exempted only to an NFBCs primarily engaged in in lending activities and therefore not all
		date with respect to such loans or advances and guarantees or security to subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates; (B) the aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loans or advances	(c) if the amount is overdue, state the total amount overdue for more than ninety days, and whether reasonable steps have been taken by the	granted by the Company.  • renewal or extension or	NBFCs.  Regarding clause (b)  – it inter alia requires the auditor to certify/

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		and guarantees or security to parties other	company for recovery of the	granting of fresh	comment on
		than subsidiaries, joint ventures and	principal and interest;	loans to settle the	"whether the
		associates;		overdues of	
				existing loans	the company is not
		(b) whether the investments made,		• loans or advances	prejudicial to the
		guarantees provided, security given and		in the nature of	company's interest"
		the terms and conditions of the grant of		loans (either	- Practically
		all loans and advances in the nature of		repayable on	speaking, any
		loans and guarantees provided are not		demand or without	company has its own
		prejudicial to the company's interest;		specified terms or	portfolio of
				period of	investments, out of
				repayment) granted	which certain
		(c) in respect of loans and advances in the		to Related Parties.	investments, at times, may be redundant
		nature of loans, whether the schedule of			and may have lost its
		repayment of principal and payment of			value. To comment
		interest has been stipulated and whether the			on investment of any
		repayments or receipts are regular;			company, whether it
					is prejudicial to
		(d) if the amount is overdue, state the			company's interest,
		total amount overdue for more than			seems to be a very
		ninety days, and whether reasonable			subjective matter.
		steps have been taken by the company			J
		for recovery of the principal and interest;			Regarding clause (d)
					– it requires details of
					amount overdue for
					more than 90 days,
					here, it may be noted
					that for an NBFC,

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	PARAMETER	(e) whether any loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties, if so, specify the aggregate amount of such dues renewed or extended or settled by fresh loans and the percentage of the aggregate to the total loans or advances in the nature of loans granted during the year [not applicable to companies whose principal business is to give loans];  (f) whether the company has granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, if so, specify the aggregate amount, percentage thereof to the total loans granted, aggregate amount of loans	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016	COMPARISON	considering the current NPA levels, this might be a heap of details. Here once again, one is left to wonder whether such details is at all required in the auditor's report. Also, it is to be understood that there is a difference between management report and an auditor's report. The auditor's report is expected to be a concrete, yet concise report where the findings of the auditor is not lost in
		granted to Promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013;			too many details.  It is to be noted that clause (e) refers to ever-greening of loans, which practically is a practice amongst

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					NBFCs and accordingly, from regulatory view, should have been made applicable to NBFCs.  Clause (f) talks about certain details of loans granted to promoters and related parties.
(iv)	Compliance of	in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, a		Same Provision	
	Section 185 &	sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act ha	ve been complied with, if not, provide		
(v)	186 Acceptance of	the details thereof; in respect of deposits accepted by the	in case, the company has accepted	Deemed Deposits	This is again a very
(1)	deposits	company or amounts which are deemed to	<b>deposits</b> , whether the directives	shall also fall under	important insertion.
	•	<b>be deposits</b> , whether the directives issued by	issued by the Reserve Bank of India	the ambit of	
		the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions	and the provisions of sections 73 to	Auditor's report.	Deposits which are
		of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant	76 or any other relevant provisions		not such by virtue of
		provisions of the Companies Act and the	of the Companies Act, 2013 and the		definition but
		rules made thereunder, where applicable,	rules framed thereunder, where		substantively having
		have been complied with, if not, the nature of such contraventions be stated; if an order	applicable, have been complied with? If not, the nature of such		the character of
		has been passed by Company Law Board or	contraventions be stated; If an order		deposits are also now required to be
		has seen passed by Company Law Board of	conductions of stated, if an order		required to be

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		National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal, whether the same has been complied with or not;	has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal, whether the same has been complied with or not?		reported by the auditors for eg certain financial accommodations made by the company which otherwise does not fall within the technical definition of deposit, but are de facto deposit.
(vi)	Cost Records	Where maintenance of cost records has been sub-section (l) of section 148 of the Comparer records have been made and maintained.		Same Provision	
(vii)	Statutory dues	(a) whether the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated;	(a) whether the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, incometax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated;	Auditor shall check regular deposit of Goods and Services Tax also.  Non-deposit of all the statutory dues referred in CARO, 2020 shall be mentioned alongwih amounts involved and the forum where dispute is pending.	

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		(b) where <b>statutory dues referred to in sub-clause</b> (a) have not been deposited on account of any dispute, then the amounts involved and the forum where dispute is pending shall be mentioned (a mere representation to the concerned Department shall not be treated as a dispute);	(b) where dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax have not been deposited on account of any dispute, then the amounts involved and the forum where dispute is pending shall be mentioned. (A mere representation to the concerned Department shall not be treated as a dispute).		
(viii)	Disclosure of transactions not recorded in the books	whether any transactions not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), if so, whether the previously unrecorded income has been properly recorded in the books of account during the year;	No such provision	New Provision	
(ix)	Default in repayment of loans or other borrowings	<ul> <li>(a) whether the company has defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender, if yes, the period and the amount of default to be reported as per the prescribed format which includes:</li> <li>Nature of borrowing, including debt securities</li> <li>Name of lender (lender wise details to be provided in case of defaults to)</li> </ul>	whether the company has defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution, bank, Government or dues to debenture holders? If yes, the period and the amount of default to be reported (in case of defaults to banks, financial institutions, and Government, lender wise details to be provided).	Reporting of default in repayment of loans or other borrowings to any lender instead of the ones specified in CARO, 2016 shall be made in the format prescribed in CARO, 2020.	Regarding clause (e) and (f), it is to be noted that it is very natural and organic for the holding company to assist its subsidiaries in meeting its financial obligations.  Accordingly, there

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	PARAMETER	• Amount not paid on due date • Whether principal or interest • No. of days delay or unpaid • Remarks, if any  (b) whether the company is a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;  (c) whether term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained; if not, the amount of loan so diverted and the purpose for which it is used may be reported;  (d) whether funds raised on short term basis have been utilised for long term purposes, if yes, the nature and amount to be indicated;  (e) whether the company has taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, if so, details thereof with nature of such transactions and the amount in each case;	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016	Following additional check points have been included:  • company declared as wilful defaulter • diversion of loans • utilization of short-term funds for long-term purposes • funds obtained to meet obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures • funds obtained on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies	does not seem much justification as to why the auditor also required to include details of funds raised for subsidiary and related acts.
		(f) whether the company has raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or			

Sl. No.	PARAMETER	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016	COMPARISON	REMARKS
		associate companies, if so, give details			
		thereof and also report if the company has			
		defaulted in repayment of such loans raised;			
(x)	Moneys raised	(a) whether moneys raised by way of initial	(a) whether moneys raised by way of	Checking application	In clause (b), though
	by IPO, FPO	public offer or further public offer (including	initial public offer or further public	of term loans for the	the section 62 has
	& preferential	debt instruments) during the year were	offer (including debt instruments)	purposes for which	been refereed, but
	allotment/	applied for the purposes for which those are	and term loans were applied for the	they are raised has	looking at the
	private	raised, if not, the details together with delays	purposes for which those are raised.	been included in	heading and the
	placement of	or default and subsequent rectification, if	If not, the details together with	point (ix) (c) of	context for which it is
	shares or	any, as may be applicable, be reported;	delays or default and subsequent	CARO, 2020.	used, it is amply clear
	convertible		rectification, if any, as may be		that the reference is
	debentures	(b) whether the company has made any	applicable, be reported;		made to section
		preferential allotment or private placement			62(1)(c) of
		of shares or convertible debentures (fully,	(b) whether the company has made		Companies Act,
		partially or optionally convertible) during	any preferential allotment or private		2013.
		the year and if so, whether the requirements	placement of shares or fully or partly		
		of section 42 and section 62 of the	convertible debentures during the		
		Companies Act, 2013 have been complied	year under review and if so, as to		
		with and the funds raised have been used for	whether the requirement of section		
		the purposes for which the funds were	42 of the Companies Act, 2013 have		
		raised, if not, provide details in respect of	been complied with and the amount		
		amount involved and nature of non-	raised have been used for the		
		compliance;	purposes for which the funds were		
			raised. If not, provide the details in		
			respect of the amount involved and		
			nature of non-compliance;		
(xi)	Fraud	(a) whether any fraud by the company or any	whether any fraud by the company	Consideration of	Regarding clause (c),
	reporting	fraud on the company has been noticed or	or any fraud on the Company by its	filing of report under	it is to be noted that
			officers or employees has been	section 143(12) and	whistle blower (WB)

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		reported during the year, if yes, the nature	noticed or reported during the year;	whistle-blower	is a confidential
		and the amount involved is to be indicated;	If yes, the nature and the amount	complaints is	procedure headed by
			involved is to be indicated;	inserted	the chairman of the
		(b) whether any report under sub-section			audit committee.
		(12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has			There is no role of
		been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as			auditors in the entire
		prescribed under rule 13 of Companies			process. Also, the
		(Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the			same is not only for
		Central Government;			fraud reporting, but
					also for reporting
		(c) whether the auditor has considered			unethical behavior or
		whistle-blower complaints, if any, received			other wrong doings
		during the year by the company;			in the company.
					There may also be
					frivolous complaint
					reported via WB
					mechanism. Does this mean that the
					auditor will now be
					looking into all such
					WB complaints
					received by the
					company?
					tompung.
(xii)	Compliances	(a) whether the Nidhi Company has	whether the Nidhi Company has	Addition of 2 new	
	by Nidhi	complied with the Net Owned Funds to	complied with the Net Owned Funds	parameters is made to	
	Company	Deposits in the ratio of 1: 20 to meet out the	to Deposits in the ratio of 1: 20 to	check compliance of	
	•	liability;	meet out the liability and whether	Companies	
			the Nidhi Company is maintaining	(Nidhis) Rules, 2014	

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		(b) whether the Nidhi Company is	ten per cent unencumbered term		
		maintaining 10 % unencumbered term	deposits as specified in the Nidhi		
		deposits as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014 to meet out the liability;	Rules, 2014 to meet out the liability;		
		2014 to meet out the hability,			
		(c) whether there has been any default in			
		payment of interest on deposits or repayment			
		thereof for any period and if so, the details			
		thereof;			
(xiii)	Compliance	whether all transactions with the related parti-	*	Same Provision	
	with section	and 188 of Companies Act where applicable			
	177 and 188	the financial statements, etc., as required by t			
(xiv)	Internal Audit	(a) whether the company has an internal	No such provision	New Provision	As per section 138 of
	System	audit system commensurate with the size			the Companies Act,
		and nature of its business;			2013, internal audit is
					applicable on listed
					companies, unlisted
					public companies
					(with PUSC of INR
					50 cr or turnover of
					INR 200 or
					outstanding
					borrowings
					exceeding INR 100
					cr), or private
					companies (with
					turnover of INR 200
					cr or outstanding
					borrowings

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					exceeding INR 100
					cr).
					While, this point has
					been rightly
					included, however, it
					should also be noted
					that the limits for
					internal audit are far
					higher compared to
					companies covered
					under the CARO
					provisions.
					Accordingly, there
					can be many private
					companies on which
					this particular point
					of disclosure may not
					be applicable.
		(b) whether the reports of the Internal			While this is again an
		Auditors for the period under audit were			important cross
		considered by the statutory auditor;			referencing of the
					report of another
					auditor in CARO,
					however, in cases
					where the statutory
					and the internal
					auditors form part of
					the same network/
					group, then the

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					significance / benefit of this clause will not be available.
(xv)	Non-cash transactions	whether the company has entered into any no persons connected with him and if so, whether		Same Provision	
	with directors	Companies Act have been complied with;			
(xvi)	Registration	(a) whether the company is required to be	whether the company is required to	New insertions have	Effectively, the
	with Reserve	registered under section 45-IA of the	be registered under section 45-IA of	been made	points under clause
	Bank of India	Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934)	the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934		(a) and (b) are the
		and if so, whether the registration has been	and if so, whether the registration		same since any
		obtained;	has been obtained;		company which is
					supposed to obtain
		(b) whether the company has conducted any			the CoR under
		Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance			section 45-IA of the
		activities without a valid Certificate of			RBI Act is the one
		Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank			who carries on the
		of India as per the Reserve Bank of India			non-banking
		Act, 1934;			financial or housing
					finance activities.

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		(c) whether the company is a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India, if so, whether it continues to fulfil the criteria of a CIC, and in case the company is an exempted or unregistered CIC, whether it continues to fulfil such criteria;  (d) whether the Group has more than one CIC as part of the Group, if yes, indicate the number of CICs which are part of the Group;			The definition of companies in the 'Group' would draw its meaning from the Master Directions issued by RBI on Core Investment Companies.
(xvii)	Cash losses	whether the company has incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year, if so, state the amount of cash losses;	No such provision	New Provision	This would mean reporting of a negative PBT wherein depreciation and amortization are added back.
(xviii)	Resignation of	whether there has been any resignation of	No such provision	New Provision	Though this point has
	the statutory	the statutory auditors during the year, if so,		- "	been brought in to
	auditors	whether the auditor has taken into		Earlier, SEBI has also issued Circular	reflect the
				also issued Circular	resignation cases, if

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	during the	consideration the issues, objections or		on Resignation of	any, of the auditors,
	year	concerns raised by the outgoing auditors;		statutory auditors	however, the
				from listed entities	requirement of
				and their material	considering the
				subsidiaries on	issues, objections, or
				October 18, 2019 to	concerns of the
				regulate resignation	outgoing auditor is
				of the auditors	not something new.
					The same is a normal
					practice considering
					the provisions of SA
( • )	G 1.111. 4			N D	210 issued by ICAI.
(xix)	Capability of	on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing	No such provision	New Provision	The insertion
	company of	and expected dates of realisation of financial			emphasizes on
	meeting its	assets and payment of financial liabilities,			qualitative remarks,
	liabilities	other information accompanying the			writing on
	existing at the date of balance	financial statements, the auditor's			sustenance, stability
	sheet	knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, whether the auditor is of			on the basis of financial ratios and
	sneet	the opinion that no material uncertainty			probability on default
		exists as on the date of the audit report that			on year by year basis
		company is capable of meeting its liabilities			is similar to "crystal
		existing at the date of balance sheet as and			ball gazing" by the
		when they fall due within a period of one			auditor.
		year from the balance sheet date;			uuunon.
		July 22 22 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21			While some of the
					criteria listed in this
					item matches with
					those under the

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					revised SA 570, issued by ICAI, it is to be noted that SA 570 relies on management assertion. The responsibility of the auditor is restricted to obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence as to the management's going concern assumption. However, CARO is an expression of the auditors' opinion which makes it all the more serious.
(xx)	Transfer of amount remaining unspent under sub-section (5)	(a) whether, in respect of other than ongoing projects, the company has transferred unspent amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the	No such provision	New Provision has been inserted to check compliance of the provisions of section 135(6)	In case the provisions are not enforced prior to 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2020, the auditors may accordingly mention
	of section 135 to Fund specified in Schedule VII	financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act;		inserted by way of amendment through Companies (Amendment) Act,	the same in their report.

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		(b) whether any amount remaining unspent		2019 which is yet to	However, if the
		under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the		be notified.	provisions are
		Companies Act, pursuant to any ongoing			notified before the end of the FY 2019-
		project, has been transferred to special account in compliance with the provision of			2020, the compliance
		subsection (6) of section 135 of the said Act;			w.r.t. the amended
		subsection (0) of section 133 of the said flet,			CSR provisions will
					be checked and
					reported both by the
					statutory as well as
					the secretarial
					auditors.
					There is a strange
					reference to
					compliance with sec.
					135 (5) and 135 (6) of
					the Act. These two
					sections pertain to
					transferring of
					unspent CSR money to PM National
					Relief Fund. This
					both surprising and
					alarming. Surprising
					part is that the
					provisions are not yet
					effective. However,
					alarming part is that

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(xxi)	Managerial remuneration	No such provision	whether managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act? If not, state the amount involved and steps taken by the company for securing refund of the same;	Provision related to managerial remuneration has been removed considering the same falls under the purview of Secretarial Auditor.	who knows, the plans may be to implement these provisions, and with effect from the running financial year only. Therefore, all companies covered by CSR – do no wait to complete your spending budgets, unless you want the money to flow for PM National Relief Fund  The compliances w.r.t. the payment of managerial remuneration within the limits need not be checked by the statutory auditor. In any event the said point is checked by the secretarial auditors of the company.
6.	Reasons to be stated for unfavourable	Where, in the auditor's report, the answer to a paragraph 3 is unfavorable or qualified, the arreasons for such unfavorable or qualified answer.	uditor's report shall also state the	Same Provision	

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	or qualified				
	answers	Where the auditor is unable to express any question, his report shall indicate such fact to possible for him to give his opinion on the same	ogether with the reasons why it is not		

## **Concluding remarks**

While the intent of the government seems to put a strict check on several crucial transactions entered into by the company which has a close nexus with the solvency/ financial risks existing in the company, however, this will end up in the auditor presenting a report running into several pages. Such unusually lengthy report will have high probability to dilute the significance of the relevant contents of the said report.

Further, considering the same has been introduced only weeks before the end of the current FY, the companies and the auditors will be in a situation of tough tugof-war of seeking information and giving explanations.

## Our videos on CARO, 2020 can be accessed through the following link:

Part 1: https://youtu.be/Jz6EGCnhwAM

Part 2: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4znFxRpXwTw&feature=youtu.be">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4znFxRpXwTw&feature=youtu.be</a>